

ROBBER'S VICIOUS ASSAULT ON GIRL

Young White Man Chokes and Robs Young Woman in South Richmond.

MAKES GOOD HIS ESCAPE

Negro Purse-Snatcher Grabs Handbag From Woman Earlier in Evening.

Returning from a shopping trip in Richmond, Miss Mamie Holloway, of 2509 Perry Street, South Richmond, was knocked down and robbed of the contents of her chateleine bag on Twenty-fourth Street, between Semmes and Perry Streets, at 6:15 o'clock last evening, the assailant afterwards escaping.

Miss Holloway had spent the afternoon shopping for Christmas presents, and was returning home with several bundles, when she was accosted by a stranger on Twenty-fourth Street.

"Wait a minute, I want to speak to you," he is alleged to have said. She halted a moment, and, without further words, he passed behind her. Before she could move, he had grabbed her in the throat. She choked as his fingers closed around her and he threw her down. He still held her, and she was unable to cry out. Then he grabbed the chateleine bag hanging from her arm and ran away in the darkness. She rose to her feet and screamed, and in some way, managed to get home.

WAS WHITE MAN. Arrived home, she narrated her story, and the police were at once notified. But Miss Holloway could give only a vague description of the man who had committed the assault and robbery, and the Southern police, detailed on the case are working in the dark. All she could say of him was that he is white.

The chateleine bag was inscribed with the words "From David to Mamie." It contained \$8 and some small change. The bag was also a robbery, and the Southern police, detailed on the case are working in the dark. All she could say of him was that he is white.

Earlier in the evening Mrs. A. F. Haynes, of 612 North Tenth Street, was waylaid by a negro at Tenth and Leigh Streets, as she was on her way home, and was robbed of a handbag containing \$2 and some small change. The negro darted at her suddenly and wrestled the handbag from her arm before she could make an outcry, and was gone.

Both cases were reported to the police, and detectives worked diligently, but unsuccessfully, last night in an effort to find the culprits.

Merger Suit in Progress.

Columbia, S. C., December 17.—Three arguments occupied today's session of the court in the Southern merger suit, in which the State is seeking to dissolve the merger of the Southern Railway with three smaller lines. R. H. Welch, of the State, and F. H. Weston, and George Johnson, for the railroad, spoke.

Posse Trailing Murderer.

Cordele, Ga., December 17.—Tom McCrary, a negro, shot and killed Clarence Beasley, a contractor, and seriously wounded his brother in an altercation over loading a car. The sheriff, with a posse and dogs, is trailing McCrary.

Breaks Dining Record.

[Special to The Times-Dispatch.] New York, December 17.—Although he has not yet been elected Governor of the State, John A. Dix already has broken a record commonly supposed to belong to the chief Executive of the Empire State. Corporation Counsel Watson revealed to-night at a banquet of the Saratoga Society in the Waldorf, that the Governor-elect has negotiated twenty-three dinners in this city in the past six days.

Lungs Declared Sound—Life Insurance Granted

If you knew a remedy that really had cured tuberculosis, that had saved from death quite a number of people, would you try to get Consumptives interested in it? And would you take it, or would you say nothing about it, for fear of giving offense?

We know the medicine. We know the people cured. We have the stories of cure of many—and affidavits from some. We advertise Eckman's Alternative to tell those who have lung disease what has been done by its use. Investigate the following:

1615 W. DuPont St., Philadelphia, Pa. Gentlemen: On the evening of May 12, 1907, I had the hemorrhages kept up for one week—I had twenty-eight attacks. Septic pneumonia developed. My doctor told me I had better go to another climate, as my left lung had also become affected.

About that time I met Howard Klotz, 1615 Sunningdale Avenue, New York City, who had hemorrhages several years ago, and who was cured by Eckman's Alternative.

I started to take Eckman's about the latter part of August, 1907. My appetite improved at once, and in about two weeks I started to gain weight. I improved steadily. Later, a very bad lameness developed in my right leg, and I commenced to get a lump on my right hip. My doctor told me it was getting a tubercular abscess, and that it was affecting the sciatic nerve. The lameness and lump gradually disappeared. Have not had any trouble of that nature since.

Since my recovery about a year ago, I was accepted for life insurance, after two examinations by a company that had previously rejected me. I have advised several people to take Eckman's, and those who took it faithfully had the same results as myself. (Signed Affidavit)

Eckman's Alternative cures Bronchitis, Asthma, Hay Fever, Throat and Lung Affections. For sale by Owens & Minor Drug Co., and other leading druggists. Ask for booklet of cured cases, and write to Eckman Laboratory, Philadelphia, Pa., for additional evidence.

Don't Take Chances

with your advertising appropriation. Secure the services of an agency who has made a success for others. Advice and plans free.

Freeman Advertising Agency Mutual Building, Richmond, - Virginia.

"Little Broadway"

Always the Newest Styles in "SUITS THAT SUIT" 212 N. Fifth Street.



Rich Scarfs, 50c to \$3, in boxes. Umbrellas, silk, \$4 to \$15. Canes, \$2 to \$12. Shirts for dress, business or travel, \$1 to \$3.50. Pajamas, \$1.25 up. Underwear, silk and pure wool. Gloves, 50c to \$1.0. Handkerchiefs, linen and silk. Hose, silk, 50c to \$2.50. Fancy Vests, \$3.50 to \$12. Mufflers and Full Dress Protectors. Club Bags, Suit Cases and Trunks. Flasks, Thermos Bottles and Traveling Sets. Smoking Coats, Bath Robes and Lounging Robes.

Slippers of the most approved sort, \$1.25 up

Leggings, Puttees, Riding Boots.

And for the boy or girl, a Berry Coat. Raincoats, \$4.50 to \$14; Cloths, \$5 to \$12; Chinchilla, \$6.50 to \$18.

The Berry label means "sterling"—the sort of things to give



MOISANT ASCENDS 9,364 FEET IN AIR

This Record Only Eclipsed in United States by Drexel and Johnstone.

Memphis, Tenn., December 17.—John B. Moisant reached his highest altitude today, 9,364 feet, if his barograph read true. In the United States, Armstrong Drexel and Ralph Johnstone alone eclipsed this distance, and it is within 1,155 feet of the world record established by M. Lesageneux at Pau several weeks ago.

"It was an impulse that occurred in midair," Moisant explained. "Air conditions looked favorable, and I tried." Ascending at what appeared to be almost a direct angle, the Chicagoan drove his monoplane skyward until it was only a faint blur. Then he was lost to view. Simon was sent aloft, but returned without tidings. After a seven-minute wait a tiny speck appeared in the clouds, gradually taking form as the man-bird came nearer. He sailed to a perfect landing, with motor humming. Moisant was stiff and numb from the cold, but enthusiastic. He brought back with him a coating of ice, the metal parts of his car being covered with frost and particles of ice had formed about the motor.

"I had it not been for the darkness I could have gone higher," said Moisant. In all he was in the air forty-two minutes and fifty-seven seconds.

Aviation Meet Closes. Atlanta, Ga., December 17.—A race between J. A. D. McCurdy, in his sixty-horsepower biplane, and Jimmy Ward, in a twenty-four-horsepower "Baby" Curtiss, marked the close of the aviation meet here to-day. Ward won on every point, remaining in the air thirty-six minutes and eleven seconds, and attained a height of 1,000 feet. McCurdy was aloft twenty minutes. Eugene Ely came to grief, when, after a flight of nearly a mile, a piece of tubing from the plane fell, splintering the propeller, while he was about 100 feet from the ground. The aviator landed without injury.

PEACEMAKER AT WORK

Commissioner Neill Is Trying to Settle Labor Dispute.

Chicago, December 17.—The preliminary steps to bringing about a settlement by mediation or arbitration of the controversy between the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers and sixty-one Western railroads were taken to-day by United States Commissioner of Labor Charles P. Neill. He held a conference with the general managers of the roads involved in the morning, and with representatives of the 1,700 engineers who are asking for higher wages in the afternoon. Both sides were insistent that no further concessions be made. The general managers contended that they had, in fact, offered the engineers more than the roads could stand—an advance, they said, ranging from 7 1/2 to 14 1/2 per cent.

The engineers, who were headed by Grand Chief Engineer Warren S. Stouck, told Commissioner Neill that the engineers had rejected the offer, and had voted almost unanimously to strike if the original demands were not granted. The railroad officials state that the original demands were for an average advance of 27 per cent. The engineers said that they only asked for about 16 per cent increase.

Chairman Knapp, of the Interstate Commerce Commission, is very busy in Washington, and will not know until Monday when he can come to Chicago to join Commissioner Neill. Nothing was accomplished today, as only the evidence of each side was presented. It was reported that Mr. Neill will go over the documents and see if there is a possibility of a line between the two sides, and if a middle ground

can be reached a settlement can be made by the mediators. If not, the controversy will undoubtedly go to arbitration.

END: IN WEDDING But Romance on High Seas Shatters Another's Hopes. [Special to The Times-Dispatch.] San Francisco, December 17.—A romance of the high seas, which began seventeen days ago, when the Pacific liner Asia sailed from Yokohama, had a happy ending in this city to-night, when Peter Archibald Gordon Grimes, millionaire rubber magnate of Coimbatore, Madras, India, connected with a prominent Atlanta, Ga., family, and Laura Faye Noble, of Columbus, O., but later a missionary in China, married.

A feature of the romance lies in the fact that Grimes, representing a British rubber trust for some years in India, Ceylon and Singapore, started back to his home at Atlanta, expecting when he arrived to-day to wed the daughter of a well-known Southern family, an arrangement made, it is said, by the interested families.

Grimes had not taken time into consideration, however, for when the Asia anchored at Yokohama the plans most carefully arranged were disarranged as a mist blew the ship off its course, and the bride and groom were separated.

Fate, in the person of the beautiful little missionary, Miss Noble, appeared on the edge of the gangway, and after that Grimes immediately forgot all about the girl in Georgia. The passengers all agree that it is a case of love at first sight.

Commander Harry Gault, of the Asia, said that though there have been many romances on his vessel since he took command, none can compare with this.

TIE FRESHEN; EAT UP DINNER

New York University Class Outgeneraled by Sophomores, Their Enemies.

MEMBERS BOUND IN BARN

Gain Release in Time to Save Coffee at End of Yearly Feast.

New York, December 17.—When the freshmen of New York University went to the Hotel St. Denis last night for their first class dinner they found their enemies, the sophomores, had reached the feast first and there was little left except the dinner coffee. The upper class learned of the intended feast and dined at the Hotel St. Denis, and the freshmen, they had them in a cold barn until the other members of the first year class found where they were prisoners. As the freshmen fought for the release of their brethren all the sophomores who could be spared from the fight hastened to the banquet-room and disposed of the spread.

The freshmen took every precaution to keep the date and the place of their dinner secret from the sophs, but the information became known and the second year men began their preparations to spoil the plans of the freshmen. They were surprised by the interest of the sophomores in their movements all day yesterday, but were not prepared for the onslaught in the evening.

As the lower class men left the lecture rooms they were captured by the sophs and on one pretext or another were led away from the university buildings. When a dozen or more of their men had disappeared the freshmen became alarmed and tried to prevent the wholesale kidnapping of their fellows.

As the 1913 men tried to make away with twenty freshmen they were halted by the 1914 class on the campus. There were 125 men in the sophs' crowd, and they found themselves attacked by almost the same number of freshmen. The juniors and seniors, non-combatants, witnessed one of the prettiest fights that ever have been seen on the N. Y. U. grounds, and no one saw the twenty freshmen splintered away as the others of the 1913 class put up clever interference to the rescuers' efforts.

The captives were taken to a deserted barn in Sedgwick Avenue and there were locked and kept until the sophs in the structure. Forty of the sophs stood guard and they believed that had eluded the 1914 class. The prisoners were taken between 2:30 and 5 o'clock, and all the sophomores who were not needed for guard duty toggled themselves in their evening clothes and hurried to the hotel.

They informed the head waiter in the banquet room they would have the dinner an hour earlier than the stated time, and then the sophs, in their tails and made their way through the oysters, soup, roast and other courses of the dinner down to the elgars and coffee before the warning cry was given. As quickly as they had arrived they fled, leaving the sophs to the remnants of the freshmen's class dinner.

The 1913 men who had not been taken prisoners followed a careless sophomore through a barn, and after a while a scuffle resulted. The freshmen tried to revenge themselves by binding the guards in their own ropes, but the sophs, who were told they would have to hurry if they wanted to save any part of their dinner, they rushed for their dinner, and the freshmen, who were waiting for their opportunity for revenge on the men of the class above, and it is promised to be complete when it does come.

Country Would Be Shocked. Washington, D. C., December 17.—At the instance of Senator Du Pont the Senate to-day adopted a resolution calling upon the commissioners of the District of Columbia to report to the House of Correction is to be located near Mount Vernon. Mr. Du Pont expressed the opinion that public opinion throughout the country would be shocked by the establishment of a criminal institution in proximity to the home estate of George Washington.

VARIOUS SCHEMES BEING DISCUSSED

(Continued From First Page.) \$15 a month is granted at the age of sixty-two, \$20 at sixty-five, \$25 at seventy years, and \$30 at seventy-five. The committee having before it the case of President Taft, who is now seventy, the measure if reported in this shape, will have severe opposition on the floor of the House.

Insists on Economy. Washington, December 17.—Owing to the fact that Representative Macon of Arkansas, made a point of order to-day against practically every increase of salary, no matter how small, provided for in the legislative, executive and judicial bill, slow progress was made in the House, where the bill was under discussion during almost the entire day. Efforts were made to dislodge Mr. Macon from his attitude of insisting on economy at every turn of the bill, but without result. Representative Livingston, of Georgia, spoke in a humorous vein against Macon's attitude, declaring that some members, if they could live long enough, would be legislating in the same old rut a thousand years from now and followed a hundred years ago. He pleaded for the House to have some confidence in the work of its Appropriations Committee. The various savings brought about by Mr. Macon's objections amounted to a few thousand dollars as compared with more than \$35,000,000 carried in the bill. Several other legislative bills probably will be required to finish the bill, which already has occupied two days.

LOOKS LIKE WHITE

Friends Claim His Election Over Thomas L. Lewis. [Special to The Times-Dispatch.] Chicago, December 17.—According to unofficial figures received in Chicago by friends of John P. White, of Iowa, he will defeat Thomas L. Lewis for president of the United Mine Workers' International Union by 30,000 majority. Returns from 170 out of 322 miners' unions in Illinois give White 30,153 and Lewis 3,157. Iowa, 44 out of 87 unions give White 4,449 and Lewis 1,291. Indiana, 25 out of 121 unions give White 1,825 and Lewis 520. Kansas, 24 out of 78 unions give White 4,449 and Lewis 1,291. Reports from Ohio are that the vote will be close between White and Lewis. The latter, however, maintains the total returns will show he is elected.

BABIES IN DEMAND Houston Nearly Consentes Supply Intended for San Antonio. Houston, Tex., December 17.—The train from New York, heavily laden with three orphaned and foundling babies reached Houston to-day. The demand for the tiny folk proved so strong that the quota for this city was speedily exhausted and the supply destined for San Antonio narrowly missed location.

Denied at White House. Washington, December 17.—A special meeting of the Cabinet was held at the White House this afternoon. It was attended by all nine members, and lasted from 2 o'clock in the afternoon until 6:30 o'clock this evening.

The length of the meeting gave rise to rumors that it had been called in connection with the war scare, which has been disturbing Washington for the past week. This was strongly denied at the White House, and it was stated that the Cabinet had devoted itself to unfinished routine and departmental matters left over from yesterday's regular session.

A Gentlemen's Agreement. Washington, December 17.—A vote in the House by January 17 on the fight between New Orleans and San Francisco for the exposition to celebrate the Panama Canal opening in 1915 was made possible by an understanding reached by the House Committee on Rules to-day.

The Rules Committee took no formal action, but entered into a gentlemen's agreement that unless matters had meantime been adjusted the two cities would be given an opportunity to have a vote in the House by January 17.

Call for Caucus. The formal call for a caucus of Democrats

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Are Your Kidneys Weak?

THOUSANDS OF MEN AND WOMEN UNWELL THROUGH KIDNEYS FAILING TO PROPERLY FILTER THEIR BLOOD.

Backache, Rheumatism, Sciatica, Nervous Disorders, Dropsy and Bright's Disease are Caused by Kidneys not Acting Aright.

Weak kidneys are the common heritage of thousands of Americans. They are the cause of the housewife's backache pains and the husband's Rheumatic agony when he bends down to his work.

They are also the cause, when those early symptoms are neglected, which leads to permanent Kidney Disabling, Dropsy and Bright's Disease.

Yet few people take the trouble to look after their kidneys. They busy themselves in relieving the Rheumatism and allaying the backache pains, when all the while the kidneys are struggling at their task, getting weaker and weaker and becoming hopelessly incapable of purifying the blood as they should.

Reader, see that you do not make the same mistake. If you are using drugs or liniments for Rheumatism, Lumbago, Blood Disorders or Nervous Ailments, STOP at once! It is your kidneys that need help.

Make your kidneys healthy and strong by taking

Warner's Safe Cure

and you will have nothing to fear. But start to-day—to-morrow may be too late. Sold by druggists everywhere at 50c and \$1 a bottle. If your dealer cannot supply you, write direct.

Constipation and Biliousness.

WARNER'S SAFE PILLS for Constipation and Biliousness, purely vegetable, sugar-coated, absolutely free from injurious substances, are a perfect laxative. They do not grip or leave any bad after effects. 25c a box.

SAMPLE BOTTLE AND BOX OF PILLS FREE.—To convince every sufferer from diseases of the kidneys and liver that WARNER'S SAFE CURE will absolutely cure, a sample bottle and also a sample box of the pills will be sent FREE OF CHARGE, postpaid, to any one who will write WARNER'S SAFE CURE CO., Rochester, N. Y., and mention having seen this liberal offer in the Richmond Sunday Times-Dispatch. The genuineness of this offer is fully guaranteed by the publishers.

members of the next House, to be held on Thursday night, January 19, was issued to-day by Representative Cuyler, chairman of the caucus. The call says the object is to devise and further plan for expediting and securing legislation in the coming Congress. It points out that the country expects tariff revision. A full attendance of members is urged in the call in behalf of united Democracy.

Lodge Takes Stand. Washington, D. C., December 17.—Asserting wholesale revision of the tariff to be an "unmitigated injury to the business interests of the country and a serious danger to the country," Senator Lodge, in a speech to-day in the Senate, took position in support of tariff amendment by sections.

The Massachusetts Senator spoke on a motion to refer the Cummings joint resolution to the Committee on Rules. While expressing a complete concurrence in the purpose of the resolution, Mr. Lodge differed as to the plan to be pursued. The House, he said, now has a general law such as is contemplated by the Senate, and he believed the Senate could adopt a similar plan. There, he did not believe necessary a general law such as is contemplated by the Senate, and he believed the Senate could adopt a similar plan.

Mr. Lodge announced himself in perfect accord with the President's desire to obtain a tariff commission.

Country Would Be Shocked. Washington, December 17.—At the instance of Senator Du Pont the Senate to-day adopted a resolution calling upon the commissioners of the District of Columbia to report to the House of Correction is to be located near Mount Vernon. Mr. Du Pont expressed the opinion that public opinion throughout the country would be shocked by the establishment of a criminal institution in proximity to the home estate of George Washington.

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BROAD STREET NOW GREAT WHITE WAY

Thousands Shop in Softened Glow of New Ornamental Lights.

STREET AS LIGHT AS DAY

Effect Is Modern and Permanent in Appearance—Every One Pleased.

Beneath a thousand lights, turned on for the first time last night, Broad Street presented the appearance in fact of a Great White Way, and thousands of shoppers admired the new method of lighting the principal shopping street of Richmond.

The lights are placed from Twelfth to Jefferson Streets, three poles on a side, and the street below lay in a continuous ray of dazzling brilliance. Each pole is fitted with five Tullman globes of high electric power, and the light afforded by them is sufficient almost to pick up a needle from the middle of the street.

West of Sixth Street, where ground glass globes cover the electric lights, the work is completed, but east of Sixth Street only the ordinary globes are used, as a sufficient number of the ground glass globes had not been received.

Like Touch of Magic.

Shortly after 5 o'clock Miss Lucille Thompson, daughter of Captain Thompson, to the City Council, turned on the switch that set the machinery in motion for lights, and, in a hundredth part of a second, Broad Street was illuminated nearly three-quarters of its length. Looking westward from the City Hall, as far as one could see, the light poles stretched away in the distance until they were lost to view. But, as far as the eye could reach, the street was a great white way where thousands moved to and fro like ants busy building a new hill. The lights are as ornamental as they are useful, and the effect, from an artistic viewpoint, was one that would please every eye that gazed.

By March 1, 1911, the plant will be in condition to supply 1,200 are lights for street intersections, where, perhaps they are most needed.

Chief of Police Werner has forwarded to the Council Committee on Light a list of several hundred dark places where more light is needed. The committee has referred the matter to a subcommittee, which will confer with Engineer Traflet and the Electricity Commission.

Council members turned out en masse last night to witness the turning on of the switch and the following illumination, and all appeared pleased with the effect. As far as the new lights extend Broad Street is as well lighted as any street in any city, and the scene last night reminded one of the time of the Jamestown Exposition, when, for the first time in the history of Richmond, the city was lit from end to end, so that even the wayfarer, late from the club, could see his way home on the darkest night.

It is interesting to note, in connection with the use of a municipal electric lighting plant, that such an institution was recommended for Richmond in 1889, twenty-one years ago. The recommendation was made by J. Taylor Elyson, then Mayor of the city, and now Lieutenant-Governor of Virginia, in a message to the City Council.

Judge Not Named. The Governor has not yet decided upon the appointment of a judge to succeed the late John E. Mason. The friends of the various men mentioned for the position are active in their behalf.